#### SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2015/830)

#### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: PROTECTOR SATIN / PROTECTOR MATT - METAMAT

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name: BLANCHON.

Address: 50, 8ème rue.69800.SAINT PRIEST.FRANCE.

Telephone: 00.33.4.72.89.06.09. Fax: 00.33.4.72.89.06.02.

fds@blanchon.com http://www.blanchon.com/

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number: 00.33.1.45.42.59.59.

Association/Organisation: Orfila (INRS).

#### SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

May produce an allergic reaction (EUH208).

This mixture does not present a physical hazard. Refer to the recommendations regarding the other products present on the site.

This mixture does not present an environmental hazard. No known or foreseeable environmental damage under standard conditions of use.

#### 2.2. Label elements

#### In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Additional labeling:

EUH208 Contains 1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE. May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH208 Contains MIXTURE OF: 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-4-ISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE;
2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.

 $Precautionary\ statements-General:$ 

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Precautionary statements - Prevention :

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Precautionary statements - Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents / container to an approved landfill.

### 2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

# SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## 3.2. Mixtures

**Composition:** 

Identification	(EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
CAS: 34590-94-8		[1]	$0 \le x \% < 10$
EC: 252-104-2			
REACH: 01-2119450011-60			
DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL			
ETHER			

INDEX: 613-088-00-6	CHEOS CHEOZ CHEOO	0 <= x % < 1
	GHS05, GHS07, GHS09	0 <= x % < 1
CAS: 2634-33-5	Dgr	
EC: 220-120-9	Acute Tox. 4, H302	
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315	
1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE	Eye Dam. 1, H318	
	Skin Sens. 1, H317	
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400	
	M Acute = 1	
CAS: 55965-84-9	GHS06, GHS05, GHS09	0 <= x % < 1
EC: 611-341-5	Dgr	
REACH: 02-2119677941-26	Met. Corr. 1, H290	
	Acute Tox. 3, H311	
MIXTURE OF:	Skin Corr. 1B, H314	
5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-4-ISOTHIAZOLIN-3-	Skin Sens. 1, H317	
ONE; 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE	Eye Dam. 1, H318	
(3:1)	Acute Tox. 2, H330	
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400	
	M Acute = 10	
	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
	M Chronic = 10	

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

### Information on ingredients:

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

### **SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### In the event of exposure by inhalation:

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

### In the event of splashes or contact with skin:

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

### In the event of swallowing:

Seek medical attention, showing the label.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

# SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Non-flammable.

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

### Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use:

- sprayed water or water mist
- foam
- multipurpose ABC powder
- BC powder
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use:

- water jet

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

No data available.

#### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

#### For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

#### Fire prevention:

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

### Recommended equipment and procedures:

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

### Prohibited equipment and procedures:

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

### Storage

Keep out of reach of children.

# Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits:

- European Union (2017/2398, 2017/164, 2009/161, 2006/15/CE, 2000/39/CE, 98/24/CE) :

CAS	VME-mg/m3	: VME-ppm:	VLE-mg/m3:	VLE-ppm:	Notes:
34590-94-8	308	50	-	-	Peau

- ACGIH TLV (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values, 2010):

	CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:
Ī	34590-94-8	100 ppm	150 ppm		Skin	

- Germany - AGW (BAuA - TRGS 900, 29/01/2018) :

0.10	1	7 77 75	T'=	1
CAS	VME:	VME:	Excess	Notes
34590-94-8		50 ppm		1(I)
		$310 \text{ mg/m}^3$		

- France (INRS - ED984:2016):

CAS	VM	E-ppm: V	VME-mg/m3:	VLE-ppm:	VLE-mg/m3:	Notes:	TMP No:
34590-94-8	3 50	3	308	-	-	*	84

- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, 2011):

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:	
34590-94-8	50 ppm	- ppm		Sk		
	308 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	- mg/m³				

### Derived no effect level (DNEL) or derived minimum effect level (DMEL):

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER (CAS: 34590-94-8) Final use: Workers.

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Long term systemic effects. Potential health effects: DNEL: 283 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Long term systemic effects. Potential health effects: DNEL: 308 mg of substance/m3

Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 36 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 121 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Long term systemic effects. Potential health effects: DNEL: 37.2 mg of substance/m3

### Predicted no effect concentration (PNEC):

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER (CAS: 34590-94-8)

Environmental compartment: Soil. PNEC: 2.74 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 19 mg/l Environmental compartment: Sea water. PNEC: 1.9 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Intermittent waste water.

190 mg/l PNEC:

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 70.2 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 7.02 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 4168 mg/l

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE):



Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained. Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined

#### - Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles in accordance with standard EN166.

Wear suitable protective gloves in the event of prolonged or repeated skin contact.

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN374.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question: other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended:

- Natural latex
- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))
- PVC (polyvinyl chloride)
- Butyl Rubber (Isobutylene-isoprene copolymer)

Recommended properties:

- Impervious gloves in accordance with standard EN374

#### - Body protection

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

#### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### **General information:**

Boiling point/boiling range:

Physical state: Fluid liquid.

### Important health, safety and environmental information

pH: Not stated.

Slightly basic. 100 °C.

Flash point interval: Not relevant.

Vapour pressure (50°C): Below 110 kPa (1.10 bar).

Density: > 1 Water solubility: Dilutable.

 $v < 7 \text{ mm}2/s (40^{\circ}\text{C})$ Viscosity: Melting point/melting range: Not specified. Not specified. Self-ignition temperature: Decomposition point/decomposition range: Not specified.

### 9.2. Other information

V.O.C.: <= 105 g/l.

### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

# 10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid:

- frost

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

No data available.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

No data available.

# 11.1.1. Substances

### Acute toxicity:

MIXTURE OF: 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-4-ISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE; 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE (3:1) (CAS: 55965-84-9)

Oral route : LD50 = 550 mg/kg

Species : Rat

Dermal route : 200 < LD50 <= 400 mg/kg

Species: Rat

Inhalation route (n/a): LC50 0.31 mg/l

Species: Rat

Duration of exposure: 4 h

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER (CAS: 34590-94-8)

Oral route : LD50 = 8740 mg/kg

Species: Rat

Dermal route : LD50 = 9510 mg/kg

Species : Rabbit

Inhalation route (n/a): LC50 3404.47 mg/l

Species: Rat

Skin corrosion/skin irritation:

 $MIXTURE\ OF:\ 5\text{-}CHLORO\text{-}2\text{-}METHYL\text{-}4\text{-}ISOTHIAZOLIN\text{-}3\text{-}ONE\ ;\ 2\text{-}METHYL\text{-}2H\text{-}ISOTHIAZOL\text{-}3\text{-}ONE\ (3:1)\ (CAS:\ 55965\text{-}84\text{-}9)$ 

Corrosivity: Causes severe skin burns.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

MIXTURE OF: 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-4-ISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE; 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE (3:1) (CAS: 55965-84-9)

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Local lymph node stimulation test : Sensitiser.

Species : Guinea pig

# 11.1.2. Mixture

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Contains at least one sensitising substance. May cause an allergic reaction.

### SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 12.1. Toxicity

#### 12.1.1. Substances

MIXTURE OF: 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-4-ISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE; 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE (3:1) (CAS: 55965-84-9)

Fish toxicity : 0.01 < LC50 <= 0.1 mg/l

Factor M = 10

 $Crustacean \ toxicity: \\ 0.01 < EC50 <= 0.1 \ mg/l$ 

Factor M = 10

Algae toxicity :  $0.01 < ECr50 <= 0.1 \ mg/l$ 

Factor M = 10

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER (CAS: 34590-94-8)

Fish toxicity: LC50 > 1000 mg/l

Species : Poecilia reticulata Duration of exposure : 96 h

Duration of exposure: 21 days

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 1919 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

NOEC = 0.5 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 21 days

Algae toxicity: ECr50 = 6999 mg/l

Species : Scenedesmus subspicatus Duration of exposure : 72 h

### **12.1.2.** Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

#### 12.2.1. Substances

 $MIXTURE\ OF:\ 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-4-ISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE\ ;\ 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE\ (3:1)\ (CAS:\ 55965-84-9)$ 

Biodegradability: Non-rapidly degradable.

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER (CAS: 34590-94-8) Biodegradability: Rapidly degradable.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

#### 12.3.1. Substances

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER (CAS: 34590-94-8) Octanol/water partition coefficient : log Koe = 1.01

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

# SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

# Waste:

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

### Soiled packaging:

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Exempt from transport classification and labelling.

14.1. UN number

-

14.2. UN proper shipping name

\_

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

-

14.4. Packing group

-

14.5. Environmental hazards

-

14.6. Special precautions for user

-

# **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

- Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2017/776 (ATP 10)
- Container information:

No data available

- Particular provisions :

No data available.

 $- Standardised\ American\ system\ for\ the\ identification\ of\ hazards\ presented\ by\ the\ product\ in\ view\ of\ emergency\ procedures\ (NFPA\ 704)$ 

NFPA 704, Labelling: Health=0 Inflammability=1 Instability/Reactivity=1 Specific Risk=none



#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

### Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3:

H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

 $<sup>\</sup>hbox{- Made under licence of European Label System} \hbox{@ MSDS software from InfoDyne - http://www.infodyne.fr--licence.} \\$ 

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Abbreviations:** 

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID: Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

 $WGK: Wasserge fahrdungsklasse \ (Water\ Hazard\ Class).$ 

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic. vPvB: Very persistent, very bioaccumulable. SVHC: Substances of very high concern.