

The following Safety Datasheet is provided by **Crown** 

Wood Finishes Direct cannot be held liable for the information contained within this document.

For purchasing information visit: Sandtex Fungicidal Wash



# Safety Data Sheet

## Sandtex Fungicidal Wash.

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830 - United Kingdom: Northern Ireland

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: Sandtex Fungicidal Wash.

6028977 - CLP 21 Product identity: Product type: Fungicidal solution.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Preparatory solution to kill organic growths on building surfaces. Applied by brush. See container for Field of application:

details.

Identified uses: Consumer applications, Used by spraying.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company details:

Crown Paints Limited PO Box 37, Crown House Hollins Road, Darwen Lancashire, BB3 0BG Tel: 01254 704951

crownpaint.co.uk

1.4 Emergency telephone number

01254 704951 (08.00-17.00)

Contact Person:

**Product SHE Information Manager** 

SHE@crownpaints.co.uk

Date of issue: 18 February 2021 Date of previous issue: 10 September 2018.

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms:

Signal word: No signal word.

Hazard statements: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

General: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product

container or label at hand. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF IN EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Crown Paints Ireland Ltd.

Unit 8A Coolmine Central

Dublin 15, D15 AX9A

Tel: 00353 1 8164400

Porters Road, Coolmine Ind Est

Prevention: Avoid release to the environment.

Disposal: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international

regulations.

Hazardous ingredients: Not applicable.

Supplemental label elements:

Special packaging requirements

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Containers to be fitted with child-

resistant fastenings:

Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger: Not applicable.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

his mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result Avoid inhalation of atomised paint during spray application.

in classification:

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Type
2-16-Alkyldimethylbenzylammonium chloride	EC: 270-325-2 CAS: 68424-85-1	<1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
2-phenylphenol (ISO)biphenyl-2-ol	REACH #: 01-2119511183-53 EC: 201-993-5 CAS: 90-43-7	≤0.3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1) See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit, see section 8.
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth

to an unconscious person.

Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 Eye contact:

minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms

persist, seek medical attention.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use

recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm

and at rest. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Lower the head so

that vomit will not re-enter the mouth and throat.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to

the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

## Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion:

## Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: No specific data. Inhalation: No specific data. Skin contact: No specific data. Ingestion: No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been

ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media: Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO<sub>2</sub>, powders, water spray.

Not to be used: wateriet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or

mixture :

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be

contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products: No specific data.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Floors may become slippery. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13).

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Never use pressure to empty; the container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in the same material as the supply container. Good housekeeping standards and regular safe removal of waste materials will minimise risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards. The Manual Handling Operations Regulations may apply to the handling of containers of this product. Packs with a volume content of 5 litres or more may be marked with a maximum gross weight. To assist employers the following method of calculating the weight for any pack size is given. Take the pack size volume in litres and multiply this figure by the specific gravity (relative density) value given in section 9. This will give the net weight of the coating in kilograms. Allowance will then have to be made for the immediate packaging to give an approximate gross weight.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials and ignition sources.

Storage : Do not store below the following temperature: 5 °C

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See separate Product Data Sheet for recommendations or industrial sector specific solutions.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1 Control parameters

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
No exposure limit value known.	

#### Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

All engineering control measures used to control exposure to hazardous substances must be selected, maintained, examined and tested to meet the requirements of the Control Of Substances Hazardous to Health regulations (COSHH). Similarly all personal protective equipment, including respiratory protective equipment, must be selected, issued and maintained to meet the requirements of COSHH. These requirements include the provision of any necessary information, instruction and training with regard to their use. Special precautions should be taken during surface preparation of pre-1960's paint surfaces over wood and metal as they may contain harmful lead.

Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of solvent vapour below the relevant workplace exposure limits, suitable respiratory protection should be worn. (See personal protection below). Dry sanding, flame cutting and/ or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/ or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be worn.

#### Individual protection measures





General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be

worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact

with the product. Safety eyewear should be used when there is a likelihood of exposure.

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling compounds and before eating, smoking,

using lavatory, and at the end of day.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment

indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of

protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Hand protection: Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training. The

quality of the chemical-resistant protective gloves must be chosen as a function of the specific

workplace concentrations and quantity of hazardous substances.

Since the actual work situation is unknown. Supplier of gloves should be contacted in order to find the

appropriate type. Below listed glove(s) should be regarded as generic advice:

Recommended: Silver Shield / Barrier / 4H gloves, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, butyl rubber, natural

rubber (latex), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), polyvinyl chloride (PVC), Viton®

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and

the risks involved handling this product.

Wear suitable protective clothing. Always wear protective clothing when spraying.

Respiratory protection : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the

product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid.

Odour: Non-characteristic.

pH: 7 - 9

0°C This is based on data for the following ingredient: water Melting point/freezing point:

Boiling point/boiling range:

Flash point: Closed cup: >93.3°C (>199.9°F)

Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product. Evaporation rate:

Flammability: Not available. Upper/lower flammability or No specific data.

explosive limits:

3.173 kPa This is based on data for the following ingredient: water Vapour pressure : Vapour density: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Relative density:

Solubility(ies): Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water. Partition coefficient (LogKow): Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product. Auto-ignition temperature: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product. Decomposition temperature: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product. Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product. Viscosity: Explosive properties: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product. Oxidising properties: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

9.2 Other information

Solvent(s) % by weight : Weighted average: 1 % Weighted average: 98 % Water % by weight:

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

## 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

## 10.4 Conditions to avoid

No specific data.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

No specific data.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures (i.e. in case of fire) harmful decomposition products may be formed:

No specific data.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

The product has been assessed following the conventional method and is classified for toxicological hazards accordingly. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short term and long term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

#### **Acute toxicity**

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-16-Alkyldimethylbenzylammonium chloride	LD50 Oral	Rat	426 mg/kg	-
2-phenylphenol (ISO)biphenyl-2-ol	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	>5000 mg/kg 2 g/kg	- -

## Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure
2-16-Alkyldimethylbenzylammonium chloride	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-
2-phenylphenol (ISO)biphenyl-2-ol	Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit Human Rabbit	- - -	24 hours 50 Micrograms 76 hours 0.5 Percent -

#### **Mutagenic effects**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Carcinogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Reproductive toxicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Teratogenic effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
phenylphenol (ISO)biphenyl-2-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

## **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

## Information on likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

## Potential chronic health effects

Other information: No additional known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
phenylphenol (ISO)biphenyl-2-ol	Acute EC50 5000 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 2.7 mg/l Acute LC50 710 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 2.74 ppm Fresh water Chronic NOEC 350 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	72 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 72 hours

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No known data avaliable in our database.

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
2-16-Alkyldimethylbenzylammonium chloride	2.88	-	low
2-phenylphenol (ISO)biphenyl-2-ol	3.18		low

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient No known data avaliable in our database.

(K<sub>oc</sub>):

Mobility: No known data avaliable in our database.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Residues of the product is listed as hazardous waste. Dispose of according to all state and local applicable regulations. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

European waste catalogue (EWC): 08 01 11\*

#### **Packaging**

Used containers, drained and/ or rigorously scraped out and containing dried residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as non-hazardous waste, with EWC code: 15 01 02 or 15 01 04.

If mixed with other wastes, the above waste code may not be applicable. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Transport may take place according to national regulation or ADR for transport by road, RID for transport by train, IMDG for transport by sea, IATA for transport by air.

	14.1 UN no.	14.2 Proper shipping name	14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env*	Additional information
ADR/RID Class	Not regula	ted.	-	-	No.	-
IMDG Class	Not regula	ted.	-	-	No.	-
IATA Class	Not regula	ted.	-	-	No.	-

PG\*: Packing group

Env.\* : Environmental hazards

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation - Substances of very high concern

## Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

## Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles Not applicable.

#### Other EU regulations

This product is not controlled under the Seveso III Directive.

#### National regulations

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

Full text of abbreviated H statements: H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic Acute 1
Aquatic Chronic 1
Aquatic Chronic 3
Eye Dam. 1
Eye Irrit. 2
Short-term (Acute) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
LONG-term (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Corr. 1B
Short-term (Acute) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
LONG-term (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B

Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 1
Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification	
NG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD	Calculation method	

#### Notice to reader

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and EU and national legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects for handling the product in a safe way and should not be construed as any guarantee of the technical preformance or suitability for particular applications.

It is always the duty of the user/employer to ascertain that the work is planned and carried out in accordance with the national regulations.